

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w
Chemical name	: ortho-Phosphoric Acid
CAS No	: 7664-38-2
Product code	: LC18640
Formula	: H3PO4
Synonyms	: orthophosphoric acid, conc=85% / Phosphoric acid, solid / phosphoric syrup, conc=85%

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: Food industry: additive Petrochemistry: Catalyst: auxiliary substance Pharmaceutical product: component
Recommended use	: Laboratory chemicals
Restrictions on use	: Not for food, drug or household use

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LabChem Inc  
Jackson's Pointe Commerce Park Building 1000, 1010 Jackson's Pointe Court  
Zelienople, PA 16063 - USA  
T 412-826-5230 - F 724-473-0647  
[info@labchem.com](mailto:info@labchem.com) - [www.labchem.com](http://www.labchem.com)

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS-US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B H314  
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318  
Full text of H statements : see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

##### GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations  
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

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### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Substance type : Multi-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7664-38-2	100	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give activated charcoal. Call Poison Information Centre ([www.big.be/antigif.htm](http://www.big.be/antigif.htm)). Take the container/vomit to the doctor/hospital. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Do not give chemical antidote. Doctor: gastric lavage is not recommended.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Coughing. Dry/sore throat. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Respiratory difficulties. Risk of lung edema.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Corrosion of the eye tissue.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Abdominal pain. Blood in vomit. AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES: Shock.
- Chronic symptoms : ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Red skin.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Adapt extinguishing media to the environment.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".
- Explosion hazard : INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

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Reactivity : Reacts exothermically with water (moisture). Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides). Reacts on exposure to temperature rise with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Violent exothermic reaction with (some) bases. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers and with (strong) reducers.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to fire/heat: seal off low-lying areas. Exposure to fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Dilute toxic gases with water spray. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Face-shield. Corrosion-proof suit. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen apparatus. See "Material-Handling" to select protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. Prevent dust cloud formation. No naked flames. Wash contaminated clothes. Large spills/in confined spaces: consider evacuation. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider evacuation.

Measures in case of dust release : In case of dust production: keep upwind. In case of dust production: consider evacuation. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible gas/vapour with water curtain. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Heat exposure: dilute toxic gas/vapour with water spray.

Methods for cleaning up : Prevent dust cloud formation. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Keep the substance free from contamination. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe strict hygiene. Keep container tightly closed. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

Hygiene measures : Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : incompatible materials. Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids. metals.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature : > 20 °C

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.

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Prohibitions on mixed storage	: KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: reducing agents. (strong) bases. metals. many substances.
Storage area	: Ventilation at floor level. Keep locked up. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Meet the legal requirements.
Special rules on packaging	: SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing. corrosion-proof. dry. clean. correctly labelled. meet the legal requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.
Packaging materials	: SUITABLE MATERIAL: stainless steel. polyethylene. glass. MATERIAL TO AVOID: steel. aluminium. iron.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.
Personal protective equipment	: Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face shield.



Materials for protective clothing	: GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: butyl rubber. natural rubber. neoprene. nitrile rubber. polyethylene. viton. PVC. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE: PVA.
Hand protection	: Gloves.
Eye protection	: Face shield. In case of dust production: protective goggles.
Skin and body protection	: Corrosion-proof clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection.
Respiratory protection	: Dust production: dust mask with filter type P3.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear, colorless liquid.
Color	: Colourless
Odor	: Odorless
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: 21 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 158 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	: 2.2 hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.7
Specific gravity / density	: 1685 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Molecular mass	: 98 g/mol
Solubility	: Soluble in ethanol. Water: Complete

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Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.

### 9.2. Other information

Minimum ignition energy	: Not applicable
VOC content	: Not applicable
Other properties	: Substance has acid reaction.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts exothermically with water (moisture). Decomposes on exposure to temperature rise: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (phosphorus oxides). Reacts on exposure to temperature rise with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). Violent exothermic reaction with (some) bases. Violent to explosive reaction with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers and with (strong) reducers.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Phosphorus oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact
Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Coughing. Dry/sore throat. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Respiratory difficulties. Risk of lung edema.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

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Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Corrosion of the eye tissue.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Burns to the gastric/intestinal mucosa. Nausea. Abdominal pain. Blood in vomit. AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES: Shock.
Chronic symptoms	: ON CONTINUOUS/REPEATED EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Dry skin. Red skin.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - air	: Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). Air pollutant.
Ecology - water	: Mild water pollutant (surface water). May cause eutrophication. Toxic to plankton. Slightly harmful to bacteria. Slightly harmful to aquatic organisms. pH shift.

#### Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)

LC50 fish 1	138 mg/l (LC50)
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#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)

Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the components available.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable
ThOD	Not applicable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)

Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
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#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations	: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle/reuse. Remove for physico-chemical/biological treatment.
Additional information	: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 01. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN1805 Phosphoric acid solution, 8, III
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1805
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Phosphoric acid solution
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	: 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
Packing group (DOT)	: III - Minor Danger

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Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203  
 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241  
 DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.  
 IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).  
 N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is normally in contact with the hazardous material.  
 T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)  
 TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling =  $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$  Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154  
 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 5 L  
 DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L  
 DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.  
 Other information : No supplementary information available.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

##### Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory  
 Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313

RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb
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All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

#### 15.2. International regulations

##### CANADA

##### Phosphoric Acid, 85% w/w (7664-38-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive Material
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##### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

##### National regulations

No additional information available

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

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### SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 12/21/2016

Other information : None.

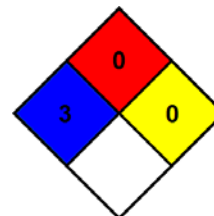
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Personal protection : H  
H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

SDS US LabChem

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